

One Liner – General Knowledge [101 to 200]

Sl. No.	One Liner Approach To General Knowledge (GK)	Answer
101.	In which city is the Netaji Subhash National Institute of Sports situated?	Patiala
102.	Which religious teacher established four maths in four corners of country at Badrinath (North), Dwarka (West), Puri (East) & Sringeri (South)?	Adi Shankaracharya
103.	Who is considered as the father of Mobile Phone?	Martin Cooper
104.	Gayatri Mantra is addressed to which Hindu god?	Surya
105.	Which element is necessarily present in all acids?	Hydrogen
106.	Who authored the book 'Business at the speed of thought' ?	Bill Gates
107.	Which organ in the human body produces Bile?	Liver
108.	Diamond and Graphite are allotropes of which element?	Carbon
109.	Who is the only Indian cricketer to have taken all 10 wickets in a Test innings?	Anil Kumble
110.	What is the minimum age limit to become the President of India?	35 years
111.	Who created fictional character Harry Potter?	J.K.Rowling
112.	Deficiency of which vitamin causes Scurvy?	Vitamin-C
113.	Which constituent of human blood is responsible for blood clotting?	Platelets (Thrombocytes)
114.	Which was the first country to give women the right to vote in elections?	New Zealand
115.	According to Hindu mythology, twin sisters Riddhi and Siddhi are wives of which God?	Ganesh

116.	Which scientist was known as 'Wizard of Menlo Park'?	Thomas Alva Edison
117.	On 6th April 1909, who became the first person to reach the North Pole?	Robert Edwin Peary
118.	What is the name of India's first nuclear reactor?	Apsara
119.	Which Mughal emperor assumed the title of 'Alamgir' - Conqueror of the world?	Aurangzeb
120.	At which place did Mahatama Gandhi start his first Satyagraha in India?	Champaran in Bihar
121.	When an ant bites a person, which irritating chemical it injects?	Formic acid
122.	In the 8th Schedule of the Indian Consitution, how many languages have been officially recognised?	22
123.	Even though India became independent in 1947 but Daman and Diu remained a European colony till 1961. Which country ruled over it?	Portugal
124.	Headquarters of the International Civil Aviation Organisation (ICAO) is in?	Montreal (Canada)
125.	With which sport is the Duckworth-Lewis Method associated?	Cricket
126.	What is the normal heart rate of adults at rest?	72 beats per minute
127.	Kailash Temple at Ellora in Maharashtra was built by the rulers of which dynasty?	Rashtrakuta
128.	What is the interest rate at which banks borrow money from Reserve Bank of India (RBI) called?	Repo Rate
129.	International Date Line, an imaginary line where date changes as one travels east or west across it, passes through which longitude?	180 degree
130.	Who wrote the famous essay 'Unto This Last', which was later translated into Gujarati by Mahatma Gandhi under the title of 'Sarvodaya'?	John Ruskin
131.	Headquarters of Central Railway is in?	Mumbai

132.	Wheeler Island, the site of India's missile testing facility Integrated Test Range (ITR), is situated in which state?	Orissa
133.	To whom does the President of India address his resignation?	Vice-President
134.	Apart from Russia, the territory of which country lies in both Europe and Asia continents?	Turkey
135.	Who is known as the 'Father of Medicine'?	Hippocrates
136.	After Hindi, which is the second most spoken language in India?	Bengali
137.	The Khyber Pass, a strategic mountain pass between Central Asia and South Asia, connects Pakistan to which country?	Afghanistan
138.	On 29 August 1988, which Indian lady became the first woman in the world to swim across the Straits of Gibraltar?	Aarti Pradhan
139.	Who was the first President of Pakistan?	Iskandar Mirza
140.	Which early 11th century traveller to India authored the books 'Tahqiq-i-Hind' and 'Kitab-ul-Hind'?	Al Beruni
141.	To preserve the filaments at high temperature, which gas is filled in the electric bulbs?	Argon
142.	'The Four Noble Truths' and 'Noble Eightfold Path' are the cornerstones of which religion?	Buddhism
143.	What is the chemical name of Baking Soda?	Sodium Bicarbonate
144.	What is the chemical name of Washing Soda?	Sodium Carbonate
145.	From which Indian ruler did the Britishers acquire the Kohinoor diamond?	Dalip Singh
146.	'Gyandarshan' is an educational TV channel of which Indian open university?	IGNOU
147.	Which city annually hosts the Wimbledon tennis championship, one of the four Grand Slam tennis tournaments?	London

148.	Which European country is also known as the 'Land of the Midnight Sun'?	Norway
149.	The India receives its major rainfall from which monsoon?	South-West Monsoon
150.	How many years does the US President serve during one term?	4 years
151.	Bamboo is tree, weed or grass?	Grass
152.	Which straits connect India to Sri Lanka?	Palk Straits
153.	Headquarter of Zoological Survey of India is at?	Kolkata
154.	In which article of the Indian Constitution the word 'Minority' appears?	Article 29
155.	University of Nalanda and Vikramsila were destroyed by?	Bakhtiyar Khilji
156.	Which emperor propaged the idea of 'Sulahkul'?	Akbar
157.	The nickname 'seven-sisters' has been given in India to?	7 North-Eastern States
158.	As per the latest estimates of the planning commission the poverty ratio in 2011-2012 in India is?	21.9%
159.	Human blood is viscous in nature due to the presence of?	Protein in blood
160.	pH value of pure water is?	7
161.	The Alps are the most highest and extensive mountain range system that lies entirely in?	Europe
162.	Which mineral is used to make the Plaster of Paris?	Gypsum
163.	The most spoken language in the world is?	Mandarin
164.	Rickets is caused due to the deficiency of which vitamin?	Vitamin-D
165.	World's longest railway platform is in which state?	West Bengal (Kharagpur)

166.	Which planet in the Solar System is named after the Roman god of agriculture and harvest?	Saturn
167.	Who is the first batsman in international cricket to hit 6 six in an over?	Herschelle Gibbs (South Africa)
168.	Which is the only continent through which all longitude lines passes?	Antarctica
169.	The first indigenous civilian aircraft of India is?	Saras
170.	Who was the first human to walk in space?	Alexei Leonov - Russia
171.	First Indian to be appointed as the Governor of the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) was?	C.D. Deshmukh in 1943
172.	Which Mauryan ruler defeated Alexander's general Seleucus Nicator and received the territories of Kabul and Balochistan?	Chandragupta Maurya in 305 BC
173.	Who was also known as the 'Saint of the Gutters'?	Mother Teresa
174.	Oldest mountain range in India is?	Aravali range
175.	The capital of USA, Washington D. C. is located on the banks of which river?	Potomac
176.	Highest mountain peak of North America is?	Mount McKinley
177.	Which hormone is also known as Emergency hormone?	Adrenaline
178.	Which Indian freedom fighter gave the slogan 'Dilli Chalo'?	Subhas Chandra Bose
179.	Who is the only President of India to be elected unopposed?	Neelam Sanjiva Reddy
180.	How many bones are there in the adult human skeleton?	206 bones
181.	Who propounded the 'Theory of Relativity'?	Albert Einstein
182.	In 15th century, which Italian traveller visited the Vijayanagar empire?	Nicolo de Conti

183.	Minimum age limit to become the Governor of a state in India?	35 years
184.	Which Sikh guru developed the Gurumukhi script?	Guru Angad
185.	Which place recently becomes the 9th Indian reserve in UNESCO world network list?	Great Nicobar Biosphere Island reserve
186.	Who conducted the first human heart transplant operation in the world?	Dr. Christian Bernard
187.	First China War was fought between which countries?	China and Britain
188.	World Red Cross is celebrated on?	May 8
189.	Film and TV Institute of India is located at which place?	Pune
190.	Which layer of the atmosphere restricts the Ultra-violet radiation?	Ozone layer
191.	Full form of DRDO is?	Defence Research and Development Organisation
192.	Who was the first Indian Chief of Army Staff of the Indian Army?	Gen. K.M. Cariappa
193.	What is the full form of GATT?	General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade
194.	The melting point of fuse wire should be high or low?	Low
195.	Largest Gurudwara in India is?	Golden Temple in Amritsar
196.	Headquarter of United Nation Organisation (UNO) is in which country?	USA (at New York)
197.	The instrument which is used for seeing objects at the surface of water from a submarine under water is called?	Periscope
198.	G-15 is an economic grouping of?	Third World Nations

199.	Excessive secretion from the pituitary gland in the children results in?	Increased height
200.	Who is the only person to have won two Nobel prizes individually?	Dr. Linus Pauling

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